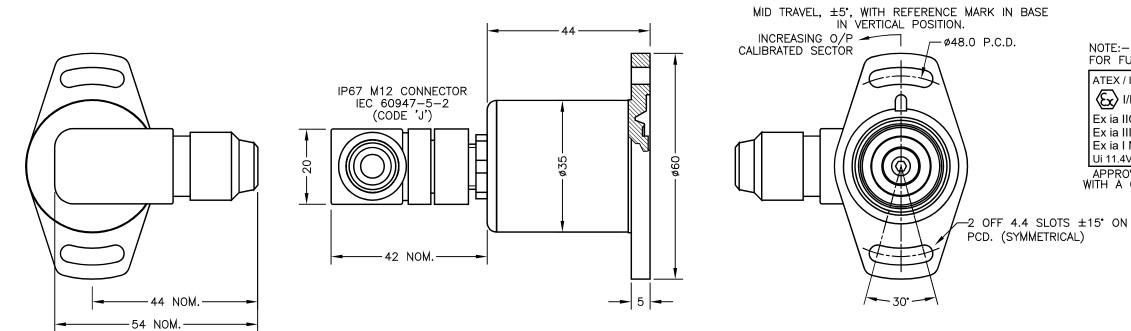
ELECTRICAL OPTIONS/ SPECIFICATIONS <u>OUTPUT</u> <u>SUPPLY</u> 0.5 TO 4.5V RATIOMETRIC 5V SUPPLY CURRENT 12mA TYP. 20mA MAX. CONNECTOR (MAXIMUM CONDUCTOR CROSS SECTION 0.75mm²) :1 +Ve :2 :3 :4 OUTPUT 0V BODY RANGE OF DISPLACEMENT FROM 0-15° TO 0-160° e.g.76°, IN INCREMENTS OF 1". BODY MATERIAL:- STAINLESS STEEL. FLANGE BASE MATERIAL:- STAINLESS STEEL.



D	ADDITIONAL DIMS/VIEWS ADDED. PI	PDM			
E	DISP. 15 TO 160° WAS 20 TO 160° RAN442. PI	DM			
L.	APPROVAL STANDARDS UPDATED - RAN465,				
	REGISTRATION MARK CORRECTED RAN490. PI	PDM			
G	RANGE NOTE AMENDED ~ RAN1200 PI	PDM	DRAWINGS NOT TO BE CHANGED WITHOUT REFERENCE TO THE CHANGE PROCEDURE.		
			CHANGES TO PARTS USED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PRODUCT MUST BE APPROVED BY THE AUTHORISED PERSON		
			THIS IS AN UNCONTROLLED PRINT AND WILL NOT BE UPDATED.		

NOTE:- READ INSTALLATION SHEET M603-19 FOR FULL INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE. ATEX / IECEX APPROVED TO

⟨€ I/II M1/1GD Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40° to +80°C) Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da (Ta= -40° to +80°C) Ex ia I Ma (Ta= -40° to +80°C) Ui 11.4V, li 0.2A, Pi 0.51W APPROVED FOR USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH A GALVANICALLY ISOLATED BARRIER.



D	06/07/11		CHECKED BY	
E	20/11/13	$(\oplus) \subset \$	RDS	X.X ±0.2 X.XX ±0.1
F	14/04/14	Υ ¬		DIMS mm
G	13/09/17	DESCRIPTION		
		M603 INTRINSICALLY SAFE		' SAFE
		LARGE A	NGLE TILT S	SENSOR
SCALE 10mm			/1603-11	REVG
			SHEE	T 1 OF 1



TIPS[®] M603 Large angle tilt sensor Intrinsically safe for hazardous mining environments

- Intrinsically safe for Gas and Dust to: Ex I/II M1/GD
- Non-contacting inductive technology to eliminate wear
- Angle set to customer's requirement
- Compact and self-contained
- High durability and reliability
- High accuracy and stability
- Sealing to IP67

As a leading designer and manufacturer of linear, rotary, tilt and intrinsically safe position sensors, Positek[®] has the expertise to supply a sensor to suit a wide variety of applications.

Our M603 TIPS[®] (Tilt Inductive Position Sensor) incorporates electronics system EX07 which is ATEX / IECEx approved for use in potentially explosive gas/vapour, dust atmospheres and mining environments.

The M603 is designed for industrial and scientific feedback applications and is ideal for OEMs seeking good sensor performance for arduous applications in hazardous areas. The M603, like all Positek[®] sensors, is supplied with the output calibrated to the angle required by the customer, between 15 and 160 degrees and with full EMC protection built in. The sensor provides a linear output proportional with the rotation of the sensor. There is a machined registration mark to identify the calibrated mid point.

Overall performance, repeatability and stability are outstanding over a wide temperature range. Electrical connections to the sensor are made via an industrial standard 4-pin M12 connector, with limited rotational capability to facilitate cable routing.

The sensor has a rugged stainless steel body and mounting flange. The flange has two 4.5mm by 30 degree wide slots on a 48mm pitch to simplify mounting and position adjustment. Environmental sealing is to IP67.



SPECIFICATION

Dimensions Power Supply Output Signal Independent Linearity/Hysteresis < ± 0.25° - up to 100°
< ± 0.01%/°C Gain &
< ± 0.01%/FS/°C Offset</pre> (combined error) Temperature Ćoefficients 250 mS @ 20°C typ. **Response Time** Resolution Infinite Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40°C to 80°C) Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40°C to 80°C) Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da (Ta= -40°C to 80°C) Ex ia I Ma (Ta=-40°C to 80°C) **Damping Ratio** Noisė **Intrinsic Safety** Approval only applies to the specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen \leq 21%

 Continuits in the range 0.50 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen ≤ 21%

 Sensor Input Parameters
 Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W.

 (without cable)
 Ci: 1.16µF, Li: 50µH

 (with cable)
 Ci: 1.36µF, Li: 860µH with 1km max. cable

 Environmental Temperature Limits
 Operating

 Operating
 -20°C to +80°C

 Storage
 -40°C to +125°C

 Sealing IP67 EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3 IEC 68-2-6: 10 g IEC 68-2-29: 40 g EMC Performance Vibration IEC 68-2-29: 40 g 350,000 hrs 40°C Gf Shock MTBF Drawing List M603-11 Sensor Outline Drawings, in AutoCAD[®] dwg or dxf format, available on request.

Do you need a position sensor made to order to suit a particular installation requirement or specification? We'll be happy to modify any of our designs to suit your needs - please contact us with your requirements.



POSITEK



TIPS[®] M603 LARGE ANGLE TILT SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS MINING ENVIRONMENTS

Intrinsically safe equipment is defined as "equipment which is incapable of releasing sufficient electrical or thermal energy under normal or abnormal conditions to cause ignition of a specific hazardous atmosphere mixture in its most easily ignited concentration."

ATEX / IECEx approved to;

Ex I/II M1/GD Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40°C to 80°C) Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da (Ta= -40°C to 80°C) Ex ia I Ma (Ta=-40°C to 80°C)

Designates the sensor as belonging to; Groups I and II: suitable for all areas (including mining), Category M1/1 GD: can be used in areas with continuous, long or frequent periods of exposure to hazardous gas (Zones 2 to 0) and dust (Zone 20), equipment remains energised.

Gas:

Protection class ia, denotes intrinsically safe for all zones Apparatus group IIC: suitable for IIA, IIB and IIC explosive gases.

Temperature class T4: maximum surface temperature under fault conditions 135°C.

Dust

T135°C: maximum surface temperature under fault conditions 135°C.

Ambient temperature range extended to -40°C to +80°C.

It is imperative Positek® intrinsically safe sensors be used in conjunction with a galvanic barrier to meet the requirements of the product certification. The Positek X005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is purpose made for Positek IS sensors making it the perfect choice. Refer to the X005 datasheet for product specification and output configuration options.

Safety Parameters:-

Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W Ci = $1.36\mu F^*$ Li = $860\mu H^*$ (cable option/s)

 $Li = 50\mu H$ (connector option/s)

 $Ci = 1.16\mu F$

*Figures for 1km cable where: Ci = 200pF/m & Li = 810nH/m

Sensors can be installed with a maximum of 1000m of cable. Cable characteristics must not exceed:-Capacitance: \leq 200 pF/m for max. total of: 200 nF

Inductance: \leq 810 nH/m for max. total of: 810 µH

For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

ATEX / IECEX approved sensors suitable for gas (X series) and dust (E series) applications, are also available from Positek.

TABLE OF OPTIONS

CALIBRATED TRAVEL: Factory-set to any angle from ±7.5° to ±80° in increments of 1°.

Full 360° Mechanical rotation.

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE OPTIONS

The Positek® X005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is available with the following output options; Standard: 0.5 - 9.5V or 4 - 20mA.

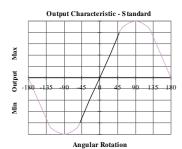
9.5 - 0.5V or 20 - 4mA. Reverse:

CONNECTOR

Connector - Binder 713 series

We recommend all customers refer to the 3 or 5-Wire Mode Connection page

IP67



For further information please contact: www.positek.com sales@positek.com Tel: +44(0)1242 820027 fax: +44(0)1242 820615 Positek Ltd, Andoversford Industrial Estate, Cheltenham GL54 4LB U.K.



POSITEK



Three or Five-Wire Mode Connection FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE SENSORS IN HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES

The aim of this document is to help readers who do not understand what is meant by three or five wire modes of connection between the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor, and the factors behind them. It is by no means an in-depth technical analysis of the subject.

Whether opting for a pre-wired Positek[®] Intrinsically Safe sensor or one with a connector, choosing the right mode of connection and cable to suit the application requires careful consideration.

Interconnecting cables are not perfect conductors and offer resistance to current flow, the magnitude of resistance[†] depends on conductors resistivity, which changes with temperature, cross sectional area[‡] and length. If the voltage were to be measured at both ends of a length of wire it would be found they are different, this is known as volts drop. Volts drop changes with current flow and can be calculated using Ohm's law, it should be noted that volts drop occurs in both positive and negative conductors. The effects of volts drop can be reduced by increasing the conductors cross section area, this does not however eliminate the effects due to temperature variation. There are instances where large cross-section cables are not practical; for example most standard industrial connectors of the type used for sensors have a maximum conductor capacity of 0.75mm², copper prices and ease of installation are other considerations.

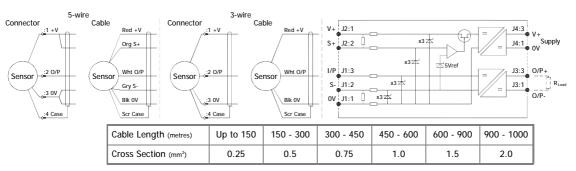
This is important because the effects of volts drop can significantly alter the perceived accuracy of the sensor which is ratiometric i.e. the output signal is directly affected by the voltage across the sensor. Changes in temperature will also be seen as gain variation in the sensor output.

Three wire mode connections are common and are suitable in most cases with short or moderate cable runs. Applications that do not require a high degree of accuracy but have cable runs, say in excess of 10m, volts drop can reduced by introducing a terminal box close to the sensor and using a larger cross-section cable for a majority of the cable run. Sensors supplied with three core cable are calibrated with the cable fitted which largely eliminates errors due to conductor resistance at room temperature however, as mentioned above, small gain errors due to temperature fluctuations should be expected.

Five wire mode connections have significant benefits as losses in the positive and negative conductors are compensated for by the galvanic isolation amplifier which can 'sense' the voltage across the sensor and dynamically adjust the output voltage so that the voltage across the sensor is correct. The effects of cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients are eliminated allowing for smaller conductors than a three wire connection for the same cable run. The amplifier can compensate for up to 15Ω per conductor with a current flow of 15mA, which is more than adequate for 150m of 0.25 mm² cable, longer lengths will require larger conductors.

For this reason Positek[®] recommends five wire connections for cable lengths exceeding 10 metres in 0.25 mm² cable to preserve the full accuracy of the sensor.

See illustrations below for examples of connecting a sensor to the galvanic isolation amplifier.



The table above shows recommended conductor sizes with respect to cable length for both three and five wire connections, based on copper conductors. Three wire connections will introduce a gain reduction of 5% and a \pm 1% temperature dependence of gain over the range -40°C to +80°C for the cable temperature. (i.e. about –150 ppm/°C for the maximum lengths shown and less pro rata for shorter lengths.)

It should be noted that the maximum cable length, as specified in the sensor certification, takes precedence and must not be exceeded.

Positek[®] sensors are supplied with three core 0.25 mm² cable as standard, however five core 0.25 mm² cable can be supplied on request. The galvanic isolation amplifier is available as;

G005-*** for 'G' and 'H' prefix sensors X005-*** for 'E', 'M' and 'X' prefix sensors

 $\frac{1}{2}$ R = $\rho L/A \rho$ is the resistivity of the conductor (Ω m) L is the length of conductor (m) A is the conductor cross-sectional area (m²).

[‡]It is presumed that direct current flow is uniform across the cross-section of the wire, the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor are a dc system.





С Є м603-17р

Intrinsically Safe - Mining Environments TIPS[®] SERIES M603 Large Angle Tilt Sensor

	а	b	С	d	е
	M603 . Displacement	А	Y	J	Z-code
a Displacement (degrees)		Value	1		
Displacement in degrees	e.g. 0 - 54 degrees	54	1		
b Output					
Supply V dc V _s (tolerance)	Output	Code			
+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply)	А			
c Calibration Adjustme	nts	Code			
Sealed		Y			
d Connections		Code			
Connector	IP67 M12 IEC 60947-5-2	J			
e Z-code		Code			
Calibration to suit X005 - D	efault	Z000			
Connector with cable option a specifies connector with 500cm of ca	J' or 'JQ' with length required in cm i.e. J500 able.	Z999			

Note!

All Intrinsically Safe (IS) sensors must have a Z-code suffix. IS sensors must be used in conjunction with a Galvanic Isolation Amplifier - See X005 for Output options.

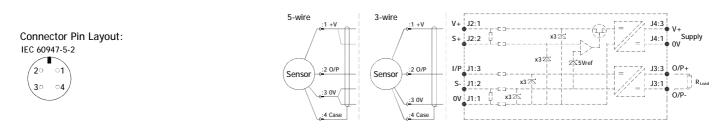


Installation Information RIPS[®] M603 LARGE ANGLE TILT SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS MINING ENVIRONMENTS

For certificate number and safety parameters information for product marked EX04, see next page.

	Ex Qualified to Intrinsic Safet numbers SIRA 13ATEX2371X 13.0154X	<i>,</i>	Ex I/II M1/1GD Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta = -40°C to +80°C) Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da (Ta = -40°C to +80°C) Ex ia I Ma (Ta = -40 to +80°C)
Electronics	Output Description.	Supply Voltage:	

Version	output Description.	V _s (tolerance)	Load resistance.
EX07	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply) [Output code 'A']	+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	5kΩ min



Putting Into Service: The sensor must be used with a galvanic isolation barrier designed to supply the sensor with a nominal 5V and to transmit the sensor output to a safe area. The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

Ui = 11.4V	li = 0.20A	Pi = 0.51W
Ci = 1.16µF	Li = 50µH	

The sensor is certified to be used with up to **1000m** of cable, cable characteristics must not exceed:-Capacitance: $\leq 200 \text{ pF/m}$ for max. total of: 200 nF Inductance: $\leq 810 \text{ nH/m}$ for max. total of: 810 µH

Approval only applies to specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range: 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen \leq 21%.

The performance of the sensor may be affected by voltage drops associated with long cable lengths; For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

Warning - The M12 IEC 60947 connector may be rotated for purposes of convenient orientation of the connector and cable, however rotating the connector more than one complete revolution is not recommended. Repeated rotation of the connector will damage the internal wiring!

Special Condition for Safe Use:

The apparatus does not meet the 500 V r.m.s dielectric strength test between circuit and frame, in accordance with clause 6.3.13 of IEC 60079-11:2011. This must be taken into consideration on installation.

When using a Sensor that has an integral cable in a dust application, the free end of the cable shall be appropriately terminated for the zone of use.

Under certain extreme circumstances, the non-metallic and isolated metal parts incorporated in the enclosure of this equipment may generate an ignition-capable level of electrostatic charge. Therefore the equipment shall not be installed in a location where the external conditions are conducive to the build-up of electrostatic charge on such surfaces. This is particularly important if the equipment is installed in a zone 0 location. In addition, the equipment shall only be cleaned with a damp cloth.

Use: The sensor is designed to measure angular displacement and provide an analogue output signal.

Assembly and Dismantling: The unit is not to be serviced or dismantled and re-assembled by the user.

Maintenance: No maintenance is required. Any cleaning must be done with a damp cloth.

Mechanical Mounting: Flange mounted; flange slots are 4.5 mm by 30 degrees wide on a 48 mm pitch. The mid point of the calibrated range is set with the flange slots in the vertical plane, mechanical mid point adjustment is achieved by rotating the sensor in the flange slots. Note: the sensor should be mounted on a vertical face.

Output Characteristic: The sensor has full rotational freedom and two sectors, 180° apart, over which linear response can be achieved. At the mid point of the calibrated range the output signal will be half full scale deflection, and the mounting flanges will be vertical. In the calibrated range the output increases as the sensor is rotated in an anti-clockwise direction viewed from the flange face- see drawing above. The calibrated output is factory set to be between 15° and 160°.

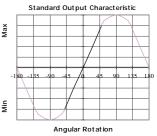
Incorrect Connection Protection levels: Not protected – the sensor is not protected against either reverse polarity or over-voltage. The risk of damage should be minimal where the supply current is limited to less than 50mA.



For further information please contact: www.positek.com sales@positek.com Tel: +44(0)1242 820027 fax: +44(0)1242 820615 Positek Ltd, Andoversford Industrial Estate, Cheltenham GL54 4LB. U.K.



Direction of increasing output in calibrated sector



~

СС M603-19I



Installation Information RIPS[®] M603 LARGE ANGLE TILT SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS MINING ENVIRONMENTS

For certificate number and safety parameters information for product marked EX07, see previous page.

	ATEX Qualified to Intrinsic Safety Standard		Ex I/II M1/1GD EEx ia I/IIC T4 (Ta = -40°C to +80°C) Ex ia D 20 T135°C (Ta = -40°C to +80°C)
Electronics Version	Output Description:	Supply Voltage: V _s (tolerance)	Load resistance:
EX04	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply) [Output code 'A']	+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	5kΩ min

The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

$$Ui = 11.4V$$

Pi = 0.51W

Ii = 0.20A $Li = 50\mu H$ $Ci = 1.16 \mu F$

The sensor is certified to be used with up to 1000m of cable, cable characteristics must not exceed:-

Capacitance: \leq 200 pF/m for max. total of: 200 nF Inductance: \leq 660 nH/m for max. total of: 660 µH

With the exception of the certificate number and safety parameters above, all other notes regarding Putting Into Service, Use, Assembly and Dismantling etc. on previous page apply to sensors marked EX04 or EX07.



